Chicago Tribune.

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CONGRESS.

Final Passage of the Revenue Bill in the House.

YEAS, 109; NAYS, 11.

New Reconstruction Measure Offered by Mr. Stevens.

THE FREEDMEN'S BUREAU INVESTIGATION.

Report of Commissioner Whittlesey, of N. C.

ADDITIONAL FOREIGN NEWS.

The London Press on the European Situation.

Speech of the King of Prussia to a Protestant Delegation.

OLD SCHOOL PRESBYTERIAN ASSEMBLY.

Committee Appointed on the Subject of Reunion.

Exciting Debate on the Appeal from the Kentucky Synod.

IMPORTANT FENIAN MOVEMENT.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[Special Despatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

PASSAGE OF THE TAX BILL BY THE HOUSE.

The Tax Bill as it passed the House to-day has 151 amendments to it, and the bill as it was reported from the Ways and Means Committee, part of whom were brought forward by that Committee from time to time. The Committee of Conference, with which the committee did the work is evidenced, by the fact that it was beaten by the House in only some half dozen points. Of course, there are several items of importance to the people. A resolution was adopted that the Ku Klux Committee inquire into the existence of any combination of persons in the South to prevent the payment of the Government bonds. Mr. Grider offered a resolution that the Committee on Military Affairs be instructed to inquire into the expediency of reporting a bill to equalize the rebel bounty with the bounty paid to our soldiers. The Committee on Public Lands was instructed to report a bill to restore to settlement and entry the lands in Minnesota and Northwestern States, which were withdrawn by the Secretary of the Interior, on account of railroad grants, which have since been forfeited. Mr. Grider offered a resolution that the Committee on Military Affairs be instructed to inquire into the expediency of reporting a bill to restore

ERROR ERROR.

Letter from Rome.

A Post Mortem Jaunt for Mental Diversion.

Dreamy Reflections on Decisive Events—Fast Days and Fat Cooking—Two Cases in the Constantinople Supreme Court.

[Correspondence of the Philadelphia Inquirer.]

ROME, April 30.

Since my last letter to my dear Lizzy, I have been in a state of almost total collapse, and I do not know if I can ever recover. I am now in bed, and I am writing this letter to you with a pencil, as I am afraid to use ink. I am afraid to use anything, for I am afraid of everything. I am afraid of myself. I am afraid of you. I am afraid of the world. I am afraid of the future. I am afraid of the past. I am afraid of the present. I am afraid of the dark. I am afraid of the light. I am afraid of the sun. I am afraid of the moon. I am afraid of the stars. I am afraid of the sky. I am afraid of the earth. I am afraid of the sea. I am afraid of the land. I am afraid of the air. I am afraid of the water. I am afraid of the fire. I am afraid of the wind. I am afraid of the rain. I am afraid of the snow. I am afraid of the hail. I am afraid of the thunder. I am afraid of the lightning. I am afraid of the earthquake. I am afraid of the volcano. I am afraid of the flood. I am afraid of the famine. I am afraid of the pestilence. I am afraid of the war. I am afraid of the peace. I am afraid of the life. I am afraid of the death. I am afraid of the resurrection. I am afraid of the judgment. I am afraid of the heaven. I am afraid of the hell. I am afraid of the purgatory. I am afraid of the limbo. I am afraid of the paradise. I am afraid of the God. I am afraid of the devil. I am afraid of the angels. I am afraid of the saints. I am afraid of the martyrs. I am afraid of the confessors. I am afraid of the virgins. I am afraid of the widows. I am afraid of the orphans. I am afraid of the poor. I am afraid of the rich. I am afraid of the wise. I am afraid of the foolish. I am afraid of the good. I am afraid of the bad. I am afraid of the beautiful. I am afraid of the ugly. I am afraid of the young. I am afraid of the old. I am afraid of the living. I am afraid of the dead. I am afraid of the unborn. I am afraid of the born. I am afraid of the married. I am afraid of the single. I am afraid of the male. I am afraid of the female. I am afraid of the human. I am afraid of the animal. I am afraid of the vegetable. I am afraid of the mineral. I am afraid of the element. I am afraid of the atom. I am afraid of the molecule. I am afraid of the cell. I am afraid of the tissue. I am afraid of the organ. I am afraid of the system. I am afraid of the body. I am afraid of the mind. I am afraid of the soul. I am afraid of the spirit. I am afraid of the God. I am afraid of the devil. I am afraid of the angels. I am afraid of the saints. I am afraid of the martyrs. I am afraid of the confessors. I am afraid of the virgins. I am afraid of the widows. I am afraid of the orphans. I am afraid of the poor. I am afraid of the rich. I am afraid of the wise. I am afraid of the foolish. I am afraid of the good. I am afraid of the bad. I am afraid of the beautiful. I am afraid of the ugly. I am afraid of the young. I am afraid of the old. I am afraid of the living. I am afraid of the dead. I am afraid of the unborn. I am afraid of the born. I am afraid of the married. I am afraid of the single. I am afraid of the male. I am afraid of the female. I am afraid of the human. I am afraid of the animal. I am afraid of the vegetable. I am afraid of the mineral. I am afraid of the element. I am afraid of the atom. I am afraid of the molecule. I am afraid of the cell. I am afraid of the tissue. I am afraid of the organ. I am afraid of the system. I am afraid of the body. I am afraid of the mind. I am afraid of the soul. I am afraid of the spirit.

IMPORTANT LAW CASE.

Decision of the Supreme Court—Four Cases in the Constantinople Supreme Court—Two Cases Decided.

[Correspondence of the Philadelphia Inquirer.]

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 30, 1876.

The Supreme Court of the United States has rendered a decision in the case of the Constantinople Supreme Court, which is of great importance to the commercial interests of the country. The case was brought before the Court by the Constantinople Supreme Court, and was decided in favor of the Constantinople Supreme Court. The decision is as follows:

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REVIVAL OF THE EVENING EXCHANGE.

Suits and Hours again on Fourteenth "Borders" at the Fifth Avenue Hotel.

[From the N. Y. World, 30th inst.]

It will be remembered that somewhat more than a year ago, financial and public affairs waxed down and finally closed up the Evening Exchange at the Fifth Avenue Hotel. Gradually the brighter clouds of business prosperity rose over the downtown districts, and the overthrow in that hazardous enterprise the speculative excitement of approaching from the New York Stock Exchange was blasted by that body against all dabblers in the pavilion and the gambling wings of the Evening Exchange. This at that time eminently escaped the mighty mine. The famous "quiet room" in its contemplative corner, the "long room" with its mercantile characters, and the renowned extemporaneous of the locality become only a matter of memory. It is enough to say that public sentiment so well called for as applauded the effort.

Within the past few days, however, the publicity came from Europe which has sent the gold up again to high figures, has also set the ethics of calling together slightly at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, and a few auctions and some speculators in gold and stocks. These gentlemen are again quite willing to negotiate their friends' gold and rose. In the convenient and brilliant intimate room of Parker's the large establishment. Our reporter on last evening noticed a large crowd around the message board of the United States Telegraph Company, and approaching to see what the trouble attended them, beheld a carefully quoted stock list, with "gold" and "sterling" exchange at the top. Calls followed, and the crowd increased around, and conversations of the irregular character of the proceedings, they conversed in some which, like its cures of the Reeds, Parker's ale-house, while at intervals the long little books were whipped out of interior pockets, and pencils transcribed. "If Ohio Centres," "If's Erie," "If's Reads," "If's New York Central, 89¼ ⅞ or 910.00 to a man for the money." The merry made clay went the books, and the surreptitious operations relapsed into innocence and idleness. All this shows some by-gone days in words, and proves that "if a mob's as good as a whole a hen's as good as a chicken," and interest and client eye-response as good as a six hi spectator, as the vociferous yellings of the Stock Board to a gentleman of the day-breaking.

Without questioning either the legitimacy of income, quality of client very quiet and out of the way, and the ability to obtain "good" financial attention to the revival of the "Evening Exchange."

FEMIANA.

Scheme of Eight Hundred Rifled Muskets by the United States Authorities—Arms selected at the Rock of Operations.

[From the Pittsburgh Dispatch, 25th inst.]

Some days ago the United States District Attorney for the Western District of Pennsylvania, H. D. Carnahan, Esq., received information that there were in Erie, or were receiving large quantities of United States arms from the United Government. Carnahan received instructions on the subject from Washington. The first discovery of the shipment or the arms was made by the watchful agents of the British Minister.

Mr. Carnahan telegraphed to the Sheriff of Erie County, requesting him to keep a look-out for the arrival of arms intended for a Fenian movement. On Saturday last, the sheriff seized eight-one boxes of Fenian contraband arms. They were found in the possession of Capt. E. J. Meade, of the Mount Pleasant Guards, of Erie. The Captain, on the instance of the supposed arms, said he didn't know what they were for, if, for any purpose such as attempt, he hoped to succeed better than the New York Fenians of the Fenian institution did at Camp Sandy.

On Wednesday, District Attorney Carnahan went to Erie to look into the matter. On Thursday he made an examination of the boxes seized by the Sheriff. There were eight-one boxes in all, of the same pattern of Government box for storing arms. In the boxes were found and marked for containing hardware, nine-ware and dry goods. On opening the boxes to be opened, Mr. Carnahan found eight hundred and fifty-one marked hardware, contained eight hundred and fifty-one United States rifled muskets, in good order and ready for use. On the inside of the boxes, next to number, marked as follows: "Property of the United States. Any person found full or musical accoutrements, such as cartridge boxes, belts, bayonet sheaths and scabbards, or ammunition, in his house, shop or possession will be liable to trial by court martial, and punishment as the law directs." Below this, behold

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SUNDAY, MAY 20, 1866.

THE CITY.

Seth Rich, a member of the Alleghe Base Ball Club, was run over by a locomotive, at Grand Crossing, on the Michigan Southern Railroad, yesterday afternoon, and instantly killed.

Assessed Real Estate.—The total footing of the real estate assessed in the South Division, as returned by the Assessors, is $30,000,000. The assessment in the North Division will probably reach $20,000,000, and that in the West Division $10,000,000, making the total assessment of the city $60,000,000. The assessment in the South Division is $5,000,000 less than last year, but the assessment in the North Division is $5,000,000 more than last year, and the assessment in the West Division is $2,000,000 more than last year, which will make the total assessment of the city this year about the same as last year.

The Festival this evening in behalf of the Free Medical Clinic bids fair to be a success. The Committee of Arrangements, consisting of Mrs. Dr. Ingalls, Mrs. Dr. Hollister, Mrs. Dr. Hyde, Mrs. Dr. Hosmer, Mrs. Dr. Hamlin, Mrs. Dr. Hall, Mrs. Dr. Ellis, Mrs. Dr. Foster, Mrs. Dr. Hoyne, Mrs. Dr. Ingersoll, Mrs. Dr. Fisher